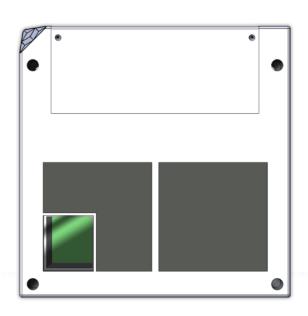
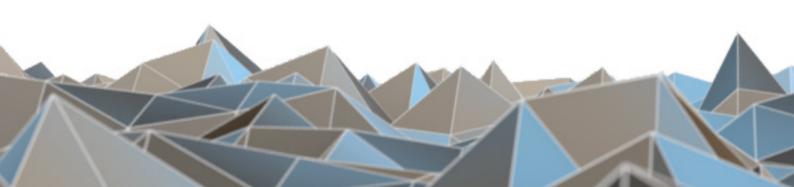


Argos3D-P310

Software User Manual

Version 0.1







Bluetechnix

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Argos3D-P310 - Software User Manual

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Table of Contents

1	(Gener	al Information	6			
	1.1	S	mbols Used	6			
2	(Overvi	ew	7			
3	I	Interfa	cing	8			
	3.1	C	ontrol Interface	8			
	(3.1.1	Register read	9			
	;	3.1.2	Register write	. 10			
	;	3.1.3	Reset	. 12			
	(3.1.4	Flash Update	. 13			
	(3.1.5	Keep Alive	. 15			
	3.2	2 3[Data Interface	. 16			
	3.3	В М	anual frame triggers	. 18			
	3.4	l Ex	ternal Illumination Interface	. 18			
	3.5	5 G	PIOs	. 19			
4	(Came	a Features	. 20			
	4.1	В	Basic Settings				
	4.2	2 In	age Processing Chain				
	4	4.2.1	Image filtering	. 21			
	4	4.2.2	Pixel invalidation	. 21			
	4.3	B C	amera Coordinate System	. 21			
	4.4	L C	amera Data Format	. 22			
	4	4.4.1	Distances and Amplitudes	. 22			
	4	4.4.2	XYZ Point Cloud	. 23			
	4	4.4.3	XYZ Point Cloud and Amplitude	. 24			
	4	4.4.4	Distances and XYZ Point Cloud	. 25			
	4	4.4.5	X coordinate and Amplitudes	. 26			
	4	4.4.6	Distances	. 26			
	4.5	5 M	odulation Frequency	. 26			
	4.6	6 Fr	ame rate and Integration Time	. 26			
	4.7	7 Au	utomatic Exposure Control (AEC)	. 27			
	4.8	3 M	anual Frame Trigger	. 27			
	4	4.8.1	Hardware Trigger	. 28			
	4	4.8.2	Software Trigger	. 28			
	4.9) O	ver Temperature Protection	. 28			
	4.1	0	Save Registers	. 28			
	4.1	1	Ethernet/IP Settings	. 28			

	4.11	I.1 MAC Address	28
	4.11	I.2 IP/TCP/UDP Settings	28
	4.12	Reset to Factory Default	28
	4.13	Firmware Update	29
5	Soft	ware	30
	5.1	Demo Application	30
	5.2	Getting Started Software Development Example	30
6	Reg	ister Description	31
	6.1	General registers	31
	6.2	More General Registers	33
	6.3	Registers for 2D Imaging	34
	6.4	Registers for GPIO Control	34
	6.5	Registers for Automatic Exposure Control	35
	6.6	Registers for Test Commands	35
	6.7	Registers for Device Update	36
	6.8	Registers for Filter Configuration	36
	6.9	Registers for Ethernet configuration	36
7	Sup	port	39
	7.1	General Support	39
	7.2	Software Packages	39
	7.3	Related Products	39
8	Firm	nware History	40
	8.1	Version Information	40
	8.2	Anomalies	40
	8.3	Document Revision History	40
9	Inde	9X	41



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Information

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Warning

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

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1 General Information

This guide applies to the Argos3D-P310 camera platform from Bluetechnix. Follow this guide chapter by chapter to set up and understand your product. If a section of this document only applies to certain camera parts, this is indicated at the beginning of the respective section.

1.1 Symbols Used

This guide makes use of a few symbols and conventions:



Warning

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury and/or property damage or damage to the device.



Caution

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor damage to the device, in malfunction of the device or in data loss.



Note

Notes provide information on special issues related to the device or provide information that will make operation of the device easier.

Procedures

A procedure always starts with a headline

1. The number indicates the step number of a certain procedure you are expected to follow. Steps are numbered sequentially.

This sign > indicates an expected result of your action.

References

This symbol indicates a cross reference to a different chapter of this manual or to an external document.

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2 Overview

The document describes the necessary steps and settings to work with the Argos3D-P310 and describes the firmware dependent interfaces.

This document applies to firmware version 0.1.0.

For a hardware compatibility list please refer to our support site.

Software and documentation



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Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

3 Interfacing

The Argos3D-P310 provides control and data interfaces via Fast Ethernet.

The control interface is used to set and read the configuration of the Argos via a set of registers. Refer to Chapter 6 for a detailed register description.

The data interface provides a continuous stream of the distance and amplitude values or the XYZ data depending on the configuration.

3.1 Control Interface

The Argos3D-P310 can be configured using a TCP/IP connection. For the control interface the Argos is listening to the following factory default IP settings:

IP-Address: 192.168.0.10
 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
 Network protocol: TCP

• TCP port: 10001

Note

The Ethernet IP settings can be configured using the *Eth0*_ registers. The changes become active on a device reset.

Once a TCP connection has been established, the Argos can be configured using a dedicated set of command frames. The Argos answers to each command frame with a dedicated response frame. The following table shows the currently supported command frames:

Command frame	Description				
Register Read	Used to read one or more consecutive registers				
Register Write	Used to write one or more consecutive registers				
Reset	Used to reset/reboot the Argos3D-P310				
Flash Update	Used to transfer files and updates				
Keep Alive	Used to keep the TCP control connection alive. If no command is sent for 10 seconds, the Argos closes the control interface connection and waits for a new incoming connection request. Only 1 concurrent control connection is supported.				

Table 3-1: Supported command frames

The following section describes each command frame and the expected answer in detail. To be able to communicate with the Argos3D-P310, the frame must be composed exactly as described.

The following types are used:

Uint8: 8 bit unsigned integer
Uint16: 16 bit unsigned integer
Uint32: 32 bit unsigned integer

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Note

Values with '0x' as prefix are hexadecimal values.

3.1.1 Register read

Command frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This description refers to protocol version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x03	Command code for read registers
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignored
0x05	Status	Uint8		Ignored
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
80x0	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	<pre><# of bytes to read></pre>	Number of bytes to read. Must be a multiple of two. The length divided by two represents the # of registers to read.
0x0C	RegisterAddress	Uint16 (high byte first)	<register Address></register 	Start register address for read command
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum=""></crc16>	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D 1)

Table 3-2: Register read command frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Response frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to protocol version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x03	Command code for read registers
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignore
0x05	Status	Uint8	Refer to table	Result code
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
80x0	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	<# of bytes read>	The number of bytes read (length of <data> in bytes). The length divided by two represents the # of registers read.</data>

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Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x0C	RegisterAddress	Uint16 (high byte first)	<register Address></register 	Start register address of read data
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	<crc32 checksum=""></crc32>	Checksum over <data> 2)</data>
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum=""></crc16>	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D 1)
0x40	Data	Uint16[] (high byte first)	<result data=""></result>	Result: One or more 16 bit values

Table 3-3: Register read response frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Note 2): For the CRC32 calculation the CRC-32 is used (Polynom: 0x04C11DB7, start value: 0xFFFFFFF). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-32.

<u>Flags</u>

Flags	Description
Bit 0	1: Ignore DataCrc32

Table 3-4: Register read flag description

Result codes

Status	Description
0x00	Ok
0x0D	Invalid handle (internal error)
0x0F	Illegal write: The Address is not valid or the register is not write-enabled
0x10	Illegal read: The Address is not valid (deprecated, replaced by 17)
0x11	Register end reached
0xFA	Length exceeds maximum file size (not enough memory for file download)
0xFB	HeaderCrc16 mismatch
0xFC	DataCrc32 mismatch
0xFD	Length invalid: Cannot be equal 0
0xFE	Length invalid: Cannot be grater 0
0xFF	Unknown command

Table 3-5: Result codes

3.1.2 Register write

Command frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x04	Command code for write registers
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignored

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Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x05	Status	Uint8		Ignored
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
80x0	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	<pre><# of bytes to write></pre>	The number of bytes to write. Must be a multiple of two and match length of <data> in bytes. The length divided by two represents the # of registers to write.</data>
0x0C	RegisterAddress	Uint16 (high byte first)	<register Address></register 	Start register address for write command
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	<crc32 checksum=""></crc32>	Checksum over <data> 2)</data>
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum=""></crc16>	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D ¹⁾
0x40	Data	Uint16[] (high byte first for each register value)	<data to<br="">write></data>	One or more 16 bit values in a stream that should be written

Table 3-6: Register write command frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Note 2): For the CRC32 calculation the CRC-32 is used (Polynom: 0x04C11DB7, start value: 0xFFFFFFF). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-32.

Response frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x04	Command code for write registers
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignored
0x05	Status	Uint8	Refer to table	Result code
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
80x0	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	0	No <data> present</data>
0x0C	RegisterAddress	Uint8 (high byte first)	<register Address></register 	Same as in sent command
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum></crc16 	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D ¹⁾

Table 3-7: Register write response frame

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Version 0.1

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

<u>Flags</u>

Flags	Description
Bit 0	1: Ignore DataCrc32

Table 3-8: Register write flag description

Result codes

Please refer to Table 3-5.

3.1.3 **Reset**

Command frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x07	Command code for reset
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignored
0x05	Status	Uint8		Ignored
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
0x08	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No <data> present</data>
0x0C	HeaderData0	Uint8		Ignored
0x0D	HeaderData1	Uint8		Ignored
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum=""></crc16>	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D 1)

Table 3-9: Reset command frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Response frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x07	Command code for reset
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignored
0x05	Status	Uint8	Refer to table	Result code
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
0x08	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No <data> present</data>

Page 12 | 41 © Bluetechnix 2014



Software User Manual - Argos3D-P310	Last change: 19 August 2014
	Version 0.1

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x0C	HeaderData0	Uint8		Ignored
0x0C	HeaderData1	Uint8		Ignored
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum></crc16 	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D ¹⁾

Table 3-10: Reset response frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

<u>Flags</u>

Flags	Description
	Currently no flags defined for this command

Table 3-11: Reset flag description

Result codes

Please refer to Table 3-5.

3.1.4 Flash Update

Command frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to protocol version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x0B or 0x0C	0x0B: Flash boot loader 0x0C: Flash Application
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8	Refer to table	Indicates which flash to write to
0x05	Status	Uint8		Ignored
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags 3)
80x0	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	<pre><# of bytes to write></pre>	The size of the binary file to flash
0x0C	FlashAddress	Uint32 (high byte first)	<flash Address></flash 	Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	<crc32 checksum=""></crc32>	Checksum over <data> 2)</data>
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum=""></crc16>	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D ¹⁾
0x40	Data	Uint8[]	 binary loader file>	The file to flash as a binary byte stream

Table 3-12: Flash update command frame

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Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Note 2): For the CRC32 calculation the CRC-32 is used (Polynom: 0x04C11DB7, start value: 0xFFFFFFF). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-32.

Note 3): The DataCrc32 is mandatory, the appropriate flag must be set to 0.

Response frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to protocol version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0x0B or 0x0C	0x0B: Flash boot loader 0x0C: Flash Application
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8	Refer to table	Indicates which flash to write to
0x05	Status	Uint8	Refer to table	Result code
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
0x08	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No <data> present</data>
0x0C	HeaderData0	Uint8		Ignored
0x0D	HeaderData1	Uint8		Ignored
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum=""></crc16>	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D ¹⁾

Table 3-13: Flash update response frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Subcommand

SubCommand	Description
Ignored	For boot loader and application update

Table 3-14: Flash update subcommand description

Flags

Flags	Description
Bit 0	1: Ignore DataCrc32

Table 3-15: Flash update flag description

Result codes

Please refer to Table 3-5.

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Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

3.1.5 Keep Alive

Command frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to protocol version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0xFE	Command code for 'Keep Alive' message
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Ignored
0x05	Status	Uint8		Ignored
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
80x0	Length	Uint32	0x0	No <data> present</data>
0x0C	HeaderData0	Uint8		Ignored
0x0D	HeaderData1	Uint8		Ignored
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum></crc16 	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D 1)

Table 3-16: Alive command frame

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

Response frame

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Preamble	Uint16 (high byte first)	0xA1EC	Unique identifier, start of header
0x02	ProtocolVersion	Uint8	0x03	This document refers to protocol version V3.0
0x03	Command	Uint8	0xFE	Command code for 'Keep Alive' message
0x04	SubCommand	Uint8		Indicates which flash to write to
0x05	Status	Uint8	Refer to table	Result code
0x06	Flags	Uint16	Refer to table	Optional flags
80x0	Length	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No <data> present</data>
0x0C	HeaderData0	Uint8		Ignored
0x0D	HeaderData1	Uint8		Ignored
0x0E	HeaderData2	Uint8		Ignored
0x0F	HeaderData3	Uint8		Ignored
0x10	Reserved (42 bytes)	Uint8[]		Ignored
0x3A	DataCrc32	Uint32 (high byte first)	0x0	No data present after header.
0x3E	HeaderCrc16	Uint16 (high byte first)	<crc16 checksum></crc16 	Checksum over 60 bytes of Header: 0x02 – 0x3D 1)

Table 3-17: Alive response frame

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 15 | 41



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Version 0.1

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

<u>Flags</u>

Flags	Description
	Currently no flags defined for this command

Table 3-18: Alive flag description

Result codes:

Please refer to Table 3-5.

3.2 3D Data Interface

A UDP stream delivers depth and amplitude data from the Argos. Each UDP packet contains a header and up to 1400 bytes of data (Ethernet, IP, and UDP headers are not shown in Figure 3-1).

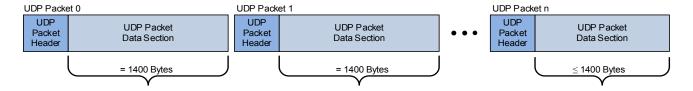


Figure 3-1: UDP streaming data format

The following types are used in the data streaming protocol:

- Uint8: 8 bit unsigned integer
- **Uint16**: 16 bit unsigned integer
- **Uint32**: 32 bit unsigned integer

Note

Values with '0x' as prefix are hexadecimal values.

The UDP streaming is enabled by factory default. The Argos streams to the following IP settings:

IP-Address: Multicast address 224.0.0.1

UDP port: 10002

Note

The UDP stream settings can be configured using the *Eth0*_ registers.

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As multicast is used more than one host can receive the stream within the same subnet at the same time. The client has to join the appropriate multi cast group and open the port 10002 on his local network interface card (NIC) where the Argos is connected to. The receiver should receive the stream and interpret it as the following protocol description shows.

Note



Be aware that a multicast stream may slow down your Ethernet network as the stream may be spread to all active links of switches/hubs and routers.

The current protocol version is 1.

Each image transmitted on the UDP stream is split into packets of max. 1432 bytes length. Each packet consists of a 32 byte packet header and up to 1400 bytes of image data section (refer to Figure 3-1).

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Version	Uint16 (high byte first)	0x0001	Protocol version
0x02	FrameCounter	Uint16 (high byte first)		Continuous frame counter. On an overrun it restarts at 0.
0x04	PacketCounter	Uint16 (high byte first)		Actual packet #. The frame data must be recomposed in order of the packet #.
0x06	DataLength	Uint16 (high byte first)		Length of the image data section of the current packet.
0x08	FrameSize	Uint32 (high byte first)		Size of the image data. It may be used to calculate the expected # of packets for a frame.
0x0C	PacketCRC32	Uint16 (high byte first)		CRC32 checksum over the entire packet (pos 0 to pos n) 1)
0x10	Flags	Uint32	Refer to Table 3-20	Optional flags
0x14	Reserved			Reserved for future use
0x20	ImageData			Image data section

Table 3-19: UDP packet header

Note 1): For the CRC32 calculation the CRC-32 is used (Polynom: 0x04C11DB7, start value: 0xFFFFFFF). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-32.

Flags

Flags	Description
Bit 0	1: Ignore DataCrc32

Table 3-20: UDP packet header flag description

Image data

The image data assembled out of multiple packets again consists of 64 byte image header and the image data section. The format of the image data depends on the selected image format and is described in chapter 4.3. Below you can find the format of the 64 byte image header.

Addr	Field	Туре	Value	Description
0x00	Reserved	Uint16	0xFFFF	

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 17 | 41



Software User Manual - Argos3D-P310	Last change: 19 August 2014
	Version 0.1

Addr	Field	Type	Value	Description
0x02	HeaderVersion	Uint16 (high byte first)	0x0003	Current header version
0x04	ImageWidth	Uint16 (high byte first)	0x00A0	Width of the image in pixels.
0x06	ImageHeight	Uint16 (high byte first)	0x0078	Height of the image in pixels.
0x08 0x09	NofChannels BytesPerPixel	Uint8 Uint8	0x02	Nof data channels. Depends on the image format Bytes per pixel of the image data.
0x0A	ImageFormat	Uint16 (high byte first)		The content is the same as in the register ImageDataFormat).
0x0C	Timestamp	Uint32 (high byte first)		Timestamp of the actual image in μs
0x10	FrameCounter	Uint16 (high byte first)		Continuous frame counter. On an overrun it restarts at 0.
0x12	Reserved			
0x1A	MainTemp	Uint8		TIM (T oF I mage sensor M odule) temperature in °C + 50. Decrement this field by 50 to get the current TIM temperature.
0x1B	LEDtemp	Uint8		LIM (Light Module) Temperature in °C + 50. Decrement this field by 50 to get the current LIM temperature.
0x1C	FirmwareVersion	Uint16 (high byte first)		Content of the register FirmwareInfo
0x1E	Reserved	<u> </u>		
0x3E	CRC16	Uint16 (high byte first)		CRC16 checksum over the header without the first two bytes and the CRC16 checksum itself (addr 0x02 to addr 0x3D) 1)

Table 3-21: Image data header

Note 1): For the CRC16 calculation the CRC-CCITT is used (Polynom: 0x1021, start value: 0). Please ask the Bluetechnix support for an implementation example of the CRC-CCITT.

3.3 Manual frame triggers

The default mode of the Argos is video mode, where the camera streams continuously with configured frame rate. To use manual frame triggering, you have to disable the video mode in register *Mode0*.

You can either trigger a frame via

- Hardware trigger: The signal is sensitive to a falling edge.
- Software trigger: See register *Mode0*.

Both will trigger a frame capture on the ToF sensor, as well as a transition to low on the trigger output.

3.4 External Illumination Interface

An external illumination unit (ToF-Flash) is supported. It features

• The differential modulation signal according to the selected modulation frequency

Please refer to the Hardware User Manual for detailed information on the interface.

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 18 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

3.5 **GPIOs**

The camera features 2 general-purpose input and 4 general-purpose output. Please see the register description in chapter 6.4 for more information.

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 19 | 41

Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

4 Camera Features

4.1 Basic Settings

The Argos comes up according to the factory default values as described in the register description section (refer to chapter 6).

4.2 Image Processing Chain

The following flow diagram shows the image processing chain of the Argos for the depth data. For the amplitude data there will currently no post processing be performed.

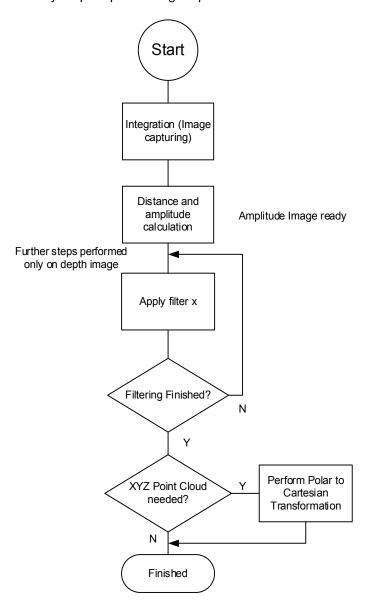


Figure 4-1: Image processing flow

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 20 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

4.2.1 Image filtering

After the distance and amplitude calculation, the filters are applied to the depth data. The amplitude data will be left unfiltered. Each of the filter provides one or more configuration parameters. The iteration count for each filter can also be configured. The filters can be enabled or disabled by writing the *ImgProcConfig* register. Enabling more than one filter is possible but each added filter reduces the maximum achievable frame rate (as does the number of iterations).

4.2.1.1 Median Filter

A 3x3 median filter can be applied.

Register: FilterMedianConfig

The number of iterations is configurable.

4.2.1.2 Bilateral filter

Registers: FilterBilateralConfig

Configuration options are σ_R (weight for radius), σ_D (weight for data) and number of iterations.

4.2.1.3 Sliding Average Filter

Register: FilterSLAFconfig

A sliding average filter over up to 20 frames can be applied. The number of frames is configurable. An increasing number of frames will not decrease the frame rate but may add blurring effects.

4.2.2 Pixel invalidation

The Argos3D-P310 provides an on-board check for invalid pixels.

If the amplitude of the reflected signal is below a threshold (underexposure), the distance value of the corresponding pixel will be set to 0xFFFF. If the amplitude is too high (overexposure) the distance value will be set to 0x0000. The lower and upper amplitude limit for invalidating pixels can be set by using the registers **ConfidenceThresLow** and **ConfidenceThresHigh**.

For inconsistent pixels (due to unreliable data), the distance value is set to 0x0001.

4.3 Camera Coordinate System

The default coordinate system starts pixel numbering in the upper left corner of the pixel array, seen from the camera's point of view. Also note the directions of X, Y, and Z coordinates (In XYZ image modes).

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 21 | 41

Version 0.1

Software User Manual - Argos3D-P310

Last change: 19 August 2014

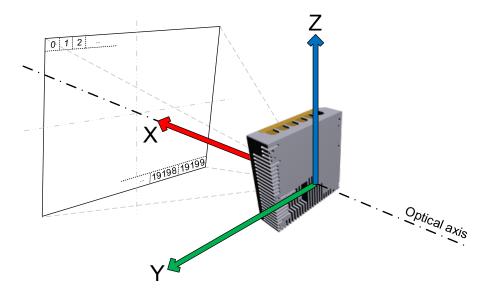


Figure 4-2: Argos3D-P310 Default Coordinate System

4.4 Camera Data Format

The camera provides up to four data channels. The meaning of each data channel depends on the selected data format. The factory default setting provides an array of depth data in millimeters as 16 bit unsigned (Uint16) and an array of grayscale values (Amplitudes) also as 16bit unsigned for each pixel. When changing the image data format properly, a 3D XYZ coordinate set per pixel is provided. Refer to chapter 4.3 for a description of the coordinate systems of the camera.

The image format can be selected in the register *ImageDataFormat*. The following sections describe each of the supported formats in detail. Only the data section which contains the image data of the transferred frame will be described. For information about the packet format and meta-data please refer to chapter 3.2.

4.4.1 Distances and Amplitudes

In this mode the distances and amplitudes will be transferred in progressive mode, first the distance array, then the amplitude array. The stream starts always with pixel #0.

[ImageDataFormat = 0] The distances are coded in millimeters as Uint16. The amplitudes are also Uint16.

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Software User Manual - Argos3D-P310 Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1 First Byte in Stream Lowbyte of Highbyte of Highbyte of Distance (Pixel 0) Highbyte of Distance (Pixel 1) Lowbyte of Distance (Pixel 0) Lowbyte of Distance (Pixel 1) (Pixel 159) Highbyte of Distance Highbyte of Distance Lowbyte of Distance (Pixel 19199) Highbyte of Distance (Pixel 19041) (Pixel 19040) (Pixel 19040) (Pixel 19041) (Pixel 19199) Lowbyte of Highbyte of Lowbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 0) Highbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 0) Lowbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 1) Highbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 1) Amplitude Amplitude (Pixel 159) (Pixel 159) Highbyte of Lowbyte of Highbyte of Lowbyte of Lowbyte of Highbyte of

Last Byte in Stream Figure 4-3: Data stream of Distance and Amplitude data

Amplitude (Pixel 19199) Amplitude (Pixel 19199)

4.4.2 XYZ Point Cloud

Amplitude (Pixel 19040)

Amplitude (Pixel 19040)

In this mode the XYZ point cloud will be transferred in progressive mode, first the X coordinate array then the Y and Z coordinate array. The stream starts always with pixel #0.

Amplitude (Pixel 19041)

[ImageDataFormat = 24] The **coordinates** are coded in **millimeters** as **Int16**.

Amplitude (Pixel 19041)

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 23 | 41



	ftware User Manual - Argos3D-P310 Last change: 19 August 20 Version						
First Byte in Strea							
Lowbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 0)	Highbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 0)	Lowbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 1)	Highbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 1)	• • •	Lowbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 159)	Highbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 159)	
:				'		:	
Lowbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Highbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Lowbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 19041)	Highbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 19041)	•••	Lowbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 19199)	Highbyte of X- Coor. (Pixel 19199)	
Lowbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 0)	Highbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 0)	Lowbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 1)	Highbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 1)	•••	Lowbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 159)	Highbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 159)	
:						:	
Lowbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Highbyte of Y-						
Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Lowbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 19041)	Highbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 19041)	•••	Lowbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 19199)	Highbyte of Y- Coor. (Pixel 19199)	
Lowbyte of Z-Coor. (Pixel 0)				•••			
Lowbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19040) Highbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19041) Lowbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19041) Highbyte of Z-		Coor. (Pixel 19199) Lowbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19199) Highbyte of Z-	
Lowbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19040) Highbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19041) Lowbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19041) Highbyte of Z-		Coor. (Pixel 19199) Lowbyte of Z-	Coor. (Pixel 19199) Highbyte of Z-	

Figure 4-4: Data stream of XYZ Point Cloud

4.4.3 XYZ Point Cloud and Amplitude

In this mode the XYZ point cloud and the amplitude will be transferred in progressive mode. The stream starts always with pixel #0.

[ImageDataFormat = 32] The **coordinates** are coded in **millimeters** as **Int16** the **amplitudes** as **Uint16**.

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 24 | 41



Software User Man	ftware User Manual - Argos3D-P310 Last change: 19 August 20 Version 0						
First Byte in Strea	am						
Lowbyte of X-	Highbyte of X-	Lowbyte of X-	Highbyte of X-	•••	Lowbyte of X-	Highbyte of X-	
Coor. (Pixel 0)	Coor. (Pixel 0)	Coor. (Pixel 1)	Coor. (Pixel 1)		Coor. (Pixel 159)	Coor. (Pixel 159)	
:						:	
Lowbyte of X-	Highbyte of X-	Lowbyte of X-	Highbyte of X-	•••	Lowbyte of X-	Highbyte of X-	
Coor.	Coor.	Coor.	Coor.		Coor.	Coor.	
(Pixel 19040)	(Pixel 19040)	(Pixel 19041)	(Pixel 19041)		(Pixel 19199)	(Pixel 19199)	
Lowbyte of Y-	Highbyte of Y-	Lowbyte of Y-	Highbyte of Y-	•••	Lowbyte of Y-	Highbyte of Y-	
Coor. (Pixel 0)	Coor. (Pixel 0)	Coor. (Pixel 1)	Coor. (Pixel 1)		Coor. (Pixel 159)	Coor. (Pixel 159)	
:						:	
Lowbyte of Y-	Highbyte of Y-	Lowbyte of Y-	Highbyte of Y-	•••	Lowbyte of Y-	Highbyte of Y-	
Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Coor. (Pixel 19041)	Coor. (Pixel 19041)		Coor. (Pixel 19199)	Coor. (Pixel 19199)	
Lowbyte of Z-	Highbyte of Z-	Lowbyte of Z-	Highbyte of Z-	•••	Lowbyte of Z-	Highbyte of Z-	
Coor. (Pixel 0)	Coor. (Pixel 0)	Coor. (Pixel 1)	Coor. (Pixel 1)		Coor. (Pixel 159)	Coor. (Pixel 159)	
:						:	
Lowbyte of Z-	Highbyte of Z-	Lowbyte of Z-	Highbyte of Z-		Lowbyte of Z-	Highbyte of Z-	
Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Coor. (Pixel 19040)	Coor. (Pixel 19041)	Coor. (Pixel 19041)		Coor. (Pixel 19199)	Coor. (Pixel 19199)	
Lowbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 0)	Highbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 0)	Lowbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 1)	Highbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 1)		Lowbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 159)	Highbyte of Amplitude (Pixel 159)	
:						:	
Lowbyte of	Highbyte of	Lowbyte of	Highbyte of	•••	Lowbyte of	Highbyte of	
Amplitude	Amplitude	Amplitude	Amplitude		Amplitude	Amplitude	
(Pixel 19040)	(Pixel 19040)	(Pixel 19041)	(Pixel 19041)		(Pixel 19199)	(Pixel 19199)	

Last Byte in Stream Figure 4-5: Data-stream of XYZ Point Cloud and Amplitude

4.4.4 Distances and XYZ Point Cloud

In this mode the distances and the XYZ point cloud will be transferred in progressive mode, first the distances array, then X, Y, and Z coordinate arrays (in this order). The stream starts always with pixel #0.

[ImageDataFormat = 72] The **distances** are coded in millimeters as Uint16. The **coordinates** are coded in **millimeters** as **Int16**.

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Last change: 19 August 2014

4.4.5 X coordinate and Amplitudes

In this mode a single coordinate array, more specifically, the one belonging to the optical axis of the camera (X), is transferred, as well as the amplitudes.

[ImageDataFormat = 80] **Coordinate** values are coded in **millimeters** as **Int16**. The **amplitudes** are coded as **Uint16**.

4.4.6 Distances

In this mode a single array with distances is transferred. The stream starts always with pixel #0.

[ImageDataFormat = 96] The distances are coded in millimeters as Uint16.

4.5 Modulation Frequency

The modulation frequency is set to 20 MHz per default. Other modulation frequencies can be set using the register *ModulationFrequency*. Be aware that this also changes the ambiguity range of the camera.

The following modulation frequencies can be selected:

Index	Frequency
0	5 MHz
1	7.5 MHz
2	10 MHz
3	15 MHz
4	20 MHz
5	25 MHz
6	30 MHz

Table 4-1: Pre-defined modulation frequencies

In the register you can either write the frequency in 10-kHz-steps (frequency/10000) or the index. On a read of the register you get the currently selected modulation frequency (again, in 10-kHz-steps).

Other frequencies between 5 MHz and 30 MHz can be set as well, but as there is no calibration data available for other frequencies than the indexed ones it may result in unpredictable distance values.

4.6 Frame rate and Integration Time

The frame rate and the integration time can be set by using the registers *Framerate* and *IntegrationTime*. The camera integration time is limited by hardware to 24ms.

The maximum frame rate is ~50 fps but may be limited by the integration time. The combination of frame rate and integration time influences the input current as well as the dissipated heat and will be characterized by the *"Frame rate Integration Time Product"* (FITP) which has been defined as follows:

$$FITP = t_{INT} [ms] \cdot fps \left[\frac{1}{s}\right] \cdot 4$$

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 26 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1



Caution

Be careful in setting different integration times and frame-rate combinations. Not all combinations are possible! Without appropriate cooling the device may be damaged! Refer to the Hardware User Manual for more information.

Note



If the Auto Exposure Control is enabled the integration time will be set automatically and the register *IntegrationTime* should not be written!

4.7 Automatic Exposure Control (AEC)

The Argos3D-P310 provides an automatic exposure control feature which controls the integration time according to the currently observed amplitude data. The AEC is disabled by default and must be enabled in the register *Mode1*.

The AEC is controlled through dedicated registers, which are listed in chapter 6.5.

The AEC algorithm also supports weighting. One may assign specific weights to each of 25 areas into which the sensor area is divided. These weights are inputs to calculate the current overall amplitude. Please see Figure 4-6: AEC weighing areas for an illustration. Each area's weight is a Uint8 value and can range from 0% (0x0) to 100% (0xf).

Pixel 0	Area 1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25

Figure 4-6: AEC weighing areas

4.8 Manual Frame Trigger

There are two types of manual trigger. To enable the manual trigger you have to disable the video mode in register *Mode0*, Bit[0].

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Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

4.8.1 Hardware Trigger

The camera provides an extension connector where a hardware trigger can be applied. Please refer to Chapter 3.3 for more information.

4.8.2 Software Trigger

In addition to the hardware trigger a software trigger is available. To start a frame capturing by software, set the appropriate bit (bit 4) in register *Mode0*.

4.9 Over Temperature Protection

The Argos3D-P310 firmware has a built-in monitoring for over-temperature condition of the LIMs. If the LIM temperature exceeds 90°C, the camera will automatically stop illumination and streaming, until temperature is below 90°C. This limit can be adjusted in register *MaxLedTemp*.

4.10 Save Registers

The entire register map can be saved into the flash using the register *CmdExec*. It will be restored from flash after a reboot or power cycle. Use this feature to save a user specific configuration.

4.11 Ethernet/IP Settings

4.11.1 MAC Address

A dedicated Ethernet MAC address from Bluetechnix MAC address pool is assigned to each Argos by factory default. This MAC address is saved in the OTP and cannot be changed by the user.

The user is allowed to assign a different MAC address using the registers **Eth0Mac0** to **Eth0Mac2**. Be sure to make the changes persistent by saving the register map to flash using registers **CmdEnablePasswd** and **CmdExec.** Then reboot or power cycle the sensor.

If the register map in the flash is cleared, the factory default MAC address from OTP will be loaded.

4.11.2 IP/TCP/UDP Settings

The IP Settings of the Argos can be changes via the *Eth0*_* registers. A change of the IP settings (IP address, port, subnet mask, default gateway) will take effect after a reboot. Please see the register description for details. Be sure to make the changes persistent by saving the register map to flash using registers *CmdEnablePasswd* and *CmdExec*. Then reboot or power cycle the sensor.

4.12 Reset to Factory Default

The Argos3D-P310 can be reset to the factory default register settings by deleting the saved register map. This can be done by writing a dedicated value to the register *CmdEnablePasswd* and *CmdExec*.

Alternatively, a factory reset is executed via the extension connector's Reset signal. (Please consult the Hardware User Manual for details.) It must be active for 5 seconds during boot-up.

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Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

4.13 Firmware Update

The Argos3D-P310 boot loader is capable of updating the camera's firmware and boot loader). The update procedure is executed using dedicated TCP/IP command frames over the control interface connection.

Bluetechnix provides a tools and how-tos for updating Bluetechnix ToF sensors. Please refer to our support site.

Argos firmware update



https://support.bluetechnix.at/index.html

Page 29 | 41 © Bluetechnix 2014



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

Software 5

5.1 **Demo Application**

For the first evaluation of the camera and to evaluate different settings and configurations a .NET demo application for Microsoft Windows is provided: BLT-ToF-Suite. The demo application can be downloaded from our support web site.

Software and documentation



https://support.bluetechnix.at/index.html

5.2 **Getting Started Software Development Example**

To facilitate the integration of the Argos in your own application a getting started example will be available on our download site. Please refer to our support site.

Software and documentation



https://support.bluetechnix.at/index.html

Page 30 | 41 © Bluetechnix 2014



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

6 Register Description

Note



Some critical registers are password protected. To enable the functionality a specific value must be written to the *CmdEnablePasswd* register in advance to enable the functionality. This should prevent from accidentally executing certain functions.

6.1 General registers

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
0001	Mode0	0001	R/W	Bit[0]: 0Manual Mode, 1Video Mode Bit[4]: 1Manual Trigger (self-clearing bit) Bit[6]: 1Clear status register (self-clearing bit)
0003	Status	0040	R	Bit[2]: 1Ongoing Calibration Bit[3]: 1LIM temperature sensor error Bit[4]: 1ToF chip temperature sensor error Bit[5]: 1Calibration data missing Bit[6]: 1Factory Regmap was loaded Bit[8]: 1Previous firmware version was restored Bit[9]: 1LIM over-temperature Bit[10]: 1Frame rate or integration time was limited due to PoE constraints Bit[13]: 12D camera stream error
0004	ImageDataFormat	0000	R/W	Bit[3:10]: 02 bytes depth-data / 2 bytes amp-data 3X/Y/Z coordinates (2 bytes in signed format for each coordinate) 4X/Y/Z coordinates and amp-data (2 bytes in signed format for each coordinate,2 bytes unsigned for the amp value) 9depth-data and X/Y/Z coordinates (2 byte unsigned for the depth value, 2 byte in signed format for each coordinate) 10X axis coordinate and amp-data (2 bytes in signed format, 2 bytes unsigned for amp-data) 114 channels Test mode: Arithmetic functions (2 bytes ascending index; 2 bytes constant 0xbeef; 2 bytes ascending squared index; 2 bytes constant 0x0000) 122 bytes depth-data
0005	IntegrationTime	05DC	R/W	Integration Time [µs] (min: 1, max: 24000)
0006	DeviceType	B510	R	Hardware specific identification
8000	FirmwareInfo		R	Bit[0-5]: Non Functional Revision Bit[6-10]: Minor Revision Bit[11-15]: Major Revision
0009	ModulationFrequency	07D0	R/W	Modulation frequency index: 05 MHz 17.5 MHz 210 MHz 315 MHz 420 MHz

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 31 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

				Version 0.1
Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
				525 MHz 630 MHz or a modulation frequency in multiples of 10kHz (may take a while to apply and no calibration data will be available)
000A	Framerate	0028	R/W	Frame rate [Hz]
000B	HardwareConfiguration	005A	R/W	Lens opening angle identifier
000C	SerialNumberLowWord	000, (R	Lower 16bit of the 32bit Serial Number
000D	SerialNumberHighWord		R	Higher 16bit of the 32bit Serial Number
000E	FrameCounter		R	Frame Counter (increments on every captured frame)
000F	CalibrationCommand	0000	R/W	Bit[0:7]: Cmd code 13FPPN calibration of the current frequency 16Clear FPPN calibration data 19Calibrate DistOffset of the current frequency
0010	ConfidenceThresLow	012C	R/W	Amplitude threshold for valid distance data
0011	ConfidenceThresHigh	3A98	R/W	Amplitude threshold for valid distance data
0019	Mode1	0000	R/W	Bit[3]: 0AEC Off, 1AEC On
001B	LedboardTemp		R	Temperature of LIMs in 0.01[°C] (FFFF: Sensor not available).
001C	MainboardTemp		R	Temperature of ToF chip in 0.01[°C] (FFFF: Sensor not available).
0020 0021	RealWorldXcoordinate CalibrationExtended	0000	R/W R	Distance to the calibration target [mm]. Bit[0-7]: Status/error
			2004	0Idle 19FPPN calibration 20Erasing flash 21DistOffset calibration 161Operation done 246Wrong image mode (Need depth) or Mode0 setting (Need video mode) 248 Invalid modulation frequency 255Generic error Bit[10]: 1Error occurred Bit[12]: 1No FPPN Calibration data in NVM Bit[14]: 1No Lens Calibration data in NVM
0022	CmdEnablePasswd	0000	R/W	Set a password for critical operations: 0x4877: Register map flash operations (register CmdExec 0x0033) 0x5e6b: Test commands (register TestConfig 0x01c0)
0024	MaxLedTemp	1B58	R/W	Maximum tolerable LIM temperature 0.01[°C]
002B	TriggerDelay	0000	R/W	Delay between trigger assertion (either software or hardware) and image capturing [ms]
002C	BootStatus	4000	R	Bit[14-15]: Firmware Load Counter. This counter is reset by the firmware. It counts the boot attempts.
002D	TempCompGradient	2184	R/W	Factor 'c' of the temperature compensation function: y [mm] = $a/10000 * x^3 + b/10000 * x^2 + c/1000 * x$
0030	TempCompGradient2	FE2D	R/W	Factor 'b' of the temperature compensation function: y [mm] = $a/10000 * x^3 + b/10000 * x^2 + c/1000 * x$
0033	CmdExec	0000	R/W	Initiate an operation: 0xC2AEClear RegMap in flash 0x9E20Read RegMap from flash 0x909ARead factory RegMap 0xDD9ESave RegMap in flash

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 32 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
		,		Writing this register must be preceded by writing 0x4877 into register CmdEnablePasswd (0x0022).
0034	CmdExecResult	0000	R	Result code of the operation initiated using CmdExec 1Success OtherError
0035	FactoryMacAddr2		R	Hi byte and byte 4 of the MAC address stored in OTP flash
0036	FactoryMacAddr1		R	Byte 3 and 2 of the MAC address stored in OTP flash
0037	FactoryMacAddr0		R	Byte 1 and low byte of the MAC address stored in OTP flash
0038	FactoryYear		R	Production year (stored in OTP flash)
0039	FactoryMonthDay		R	Bit[0-7]: Production day (stored in OTP flash) Bit[8-15]: Production month (stored in OTP flash)
003A	FactoryHourMinute		R	Bit[0-7]: Production hour (stored in OTP flash) Bit[8-15]: Production minute (stored in OTP flash)
003B	FactoryTimezone		R	Production time zone (stored in OTP flash)
003C	TempCompGradient3	0003	R/W	Factor 'a' of the temperature compensation function: y [mm] = $a/10000 * x^3 + b/10000 * x^2 + c/1000 * x$
003D	BuildYearMonth		R	Firmware Build date/time Bit[14-4]: Year Bit[3-0]: Month
003E	BuildDayHour		R	Firmware Build day/hour Bit[9-5]: Day Bit[4-0]: Hour
003F	BuildMinuteSecond		R	Firmware Build date/time Bit[11-6]: Minute Bit[5-0]: Second
0040	UpTimeLow		R	Lower 16 bit of uptime in [s]
0041	UpTimeHigh		R	Higher 16 bit of uptime in [s]
0043	TimSerialLow		R	Serial Number of the TIM module, low word
0044	TimSerialHigh		R	Serial Number of the TIM module, high word
0046	ProcessorStatus		R	Bit[0:7]Temperature of the processor in °C (0xFF: Sensor not available) Bit[8:15]Processor speed in 10-MHz-steps

Table 6-1: General registers

6.2 More General Registers

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
00C1	DistOffset0		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 0
00C2	DistOffset1		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 1
00C3	DistOffset2		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 2
00C4	DistOffset3		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 3
00C5	DistOffset4		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 4

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 33 | 41



Software User Manual - Argos3D-P310	Last change: 19 August 2014
	Version 0.1

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
00C6	DistOffset5		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 5
00C7	DistOffset6		R/W	An offset for distance values when operating at modulation frequency with index 6
0100	UserDefined0	0	R/W	For any purpose
0101	UserDefined1	0	R/W	For any purpose
0102	UserDefined2	0	R/W	For any purpose
0103	UserDefined3	0	R/W	For any purpose
0104	UserDefined4	0	R/W	For any purpose
0105	UserDefined5	0	R/W	For any purpose
0106	UserDefined6	0	R/W	For any purpose
0107	UserDefined7	0	R/W	For any purpose
0108	UserDefined8	0	R/W	For any purpose
0109	UserDefined9	0	R/W	For any purpose

Table 6-2: More General registers

6.3 Registers for 2D Imaging

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
00E0	StreamParams2D	0000	R/W	Bit[0]: 1Enable 2D streaming Bit[46]: Resolution 0QVGA (320x240) 1VGA (640x480) 2NTSC (720x480) 3PAL (720x576) 4720P (1280x720) 51080P (1920x1080) Bit[8]: Frame rate 015 fps 130 fps

Table 6-3: 2D Imaging Registers

6.4 Registers for GPIO Control

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
00d0	IOstate0	0000	R/W	Bit[0]: state of IN_0 (only R) Bit[8]: state of OUT_0 (R/W)

Table 6-4: Registers for GPIO Control

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 34 | 41

Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

6.5 Registers for Automatic Exposure Control

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
01A9	AecAvgWeight0	4444	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 1 Bit[11-8]: Weight for average, area 2 Bit[7-4]: Weight for average, area 3 Bit[3-0]: Weight for average, area 4
01AA	AecAvgWeight1	44CC	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 5 Bit[11-8]: Weight for average, area 6 Bit[7-4]: Weight for average, area 7 Bit[3-0]: Weight for average, area 8
01AB	AecAvgWeight2	C44C	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 9 Bit[11-8]: Weight for average, area 10 Bit[7-4]: Weight for average, area 11 Bit[3-0]: Weight for average, area 12
01AC	AecAvgWeight3	FC44	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 13 Bit[11-8]: Weight for average, area 14 Bit[7-4]: Weight for average, area 15 Bit[3-0]: Weight for average, area 16
01AD	AecAvgWeight4	CCC4	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 17 Bit[11-8]: Weight for average, area 18 Bit[7-4]: Weight for average, area 19 Bit[3-0]: Weight for average, area 20
01AE	AecAvgWeight5	4444	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 21 Bit[11-8]: Weight for average, area 22 Bit[7-4]: Weight for average, area 23 Bit[3-0]: Weight for average, area 24
01AF	AecAvgWeight6	4000	R/W	Bit[15-12]: Weight for average, area 25
01B0	AecAmpTarget	02BC	R/W	Auto exposure target amplitude value to which the controller is controlling to
01B1	AecTintStepMax	0021	R/W	Auto exposure maximum change of integration time percentage. The relative change of the integration time will be lower than this percentage
01B2	AecTintMax	2710	R/W	Auto exposure maximum integration time the controller calculates
01B3	AecKp	0028	R/W	Proportional part of the auto exposure controller in percent
01B4	AecKi	000F	R/W	Integral part of the auto exposure controller in percent
01B5	AecKd	0000	R/W	Differential part of the auto exposure controller in percent

Table 6-5: Registers for automatic exposure control

6.6 Registers for Test Commands

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
01C0	TestConfig	0000	R/W	Bit[1]: 1 Watchdog Test
				Writing this register must be preceded by writing 0x5E6B into register CmdEnablePasswd (0x0022)

Table 6-6: Registers for Test Commands

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 35 | 41

Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

6.7 Registers for Device Update

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
01D1	FileUpdateStatus	0000	R	0idle 3out_of_memory 6file crc error 8erasing flash 9flashing 11erasing failed 12flashing failed 14update success 16header version conflict 18wrong fw identifier 20data inconsistent 21in progress 255protocol violation

Table 6-7: Registers for device update

6.8 Registers for Filter Configuration

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
01E0	ImgProcConfig	28C0	R/W	Bit[0]: 1enable Median Filter Bit[3]: 1enable Bilateral Filter Bit[4]: 1enable Sliding Average Bit[6]: 1enable wiggling compensation Bit[7]: 1enable FPPN compensation Bit[10]: 1enable FrameAverage Filter Bit[11]: 1enable temperature compensation Bit[13]: 1enable offsets via registers DistCalibOffsetX (0x00C1 onwards)
01E1	FilterMedianConfig	0001	R/W	Bit[0-7]: Nr. of Median Iterations
01E4	FilterBilateralConfig	13DE	R/W	Bit[0-5]: Sigma R (Width of range kernel) Bit[6-11]: Sigma S (Width of spatial kernel) Bit[12-15]: Nr. of iterations
01E5	FilterSlafConfig	0005	R/W	Bit[0-7]: Window size
01E6	FilterBilateralConfig2	0003	R/W	Bit[0-5]: Square size (=> Window size = square size x square size)
01E7	FilterFrameAverageConfig	0002	R/W	Bit[0-3]: Number of Frames

Table 6-8: Register for filter configuration

6.9 Registers for Ethernet configuration

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
0240	Eth0Config	0006	R/W	Bit[0]: 1 Enable DHCP Bit[1]: 1 Enable UDP streaming Bit[2]: 1 Ignore CRC for UDP streaming
0241	Eth0Mac2		R/W	Byte 5 (=High byte) and byte 4 of MAC address Writing this register has no immediate effect.

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 36 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value	R/W	Description Version 0.1
0242	Eth0Mac1	(hex)	R/W	Byte 3 and byte 2 of MAC address
0243	Eth0Mac0		R/W	Writing this register has no immediate effect. Byte 1 and byte 0 (=Low byte) of MAC address Writing this register will update the network configuration with the new MAC address.
0244	Eth0lp0	000A	R/W	Low word of IP address Writing this register has no immediate effect (see register 0x0249).
0245	Eth0lp1	C0A8	R/W	High word of IP address Writing this register has no immediate effect (see register 0x0249).
0246	Eth0Snm0	FF00	R/W	Low word of subnet mask Writing this register has no immediate effect (see register 0x0249).
0247	Eth0Snm1	FFFF	R/W	High word of subnet mask Writing this register has no immediate effect (see register 0x0249).
0248	Eth0Gateway0	0001	R/W	Low word of gateway Writing this register has no immediate effect (see register 0x0249).
0249	Eth0Gateway1	C0A8	R/W	High word of gateway Writing this register will update the network configuration with new IP address, subnet mask and gateway.
024B	Eth0TcpCtrlPort	2711	R/W	Port for TCP control interface
024C	Eth0UdpStreamlp0	0001	R/W	Low word of IP address for UDP stream Writing this register has no immediate effect.
024D	Eth0UdpStreamlp1	E000	R/W	High word of IP address for UDP stream Writing this register will update the network configuration with the new UDP stream
024E	Eth0UdpStreamPort	2712	R/W	address. Port for UDP streaming
0250	PoEStatus		R	Bit[02]: Detected PoE power class 1: PoE (13W limitation) 2: PoE+ (25.5W limitation) 3: PoE++ (no power limitation) 7: VAUX (no power limitation)
0251	PoEOverride	0000	R/W	Bit[01]: Override PoE power class 0: Don't override 1: 13W limitation (PoE) 2: 25.5W limitation (PoE+) 3: No limitation (PoE++) Note: This limit is only checked against if integration time (0x0005) or frame rate (0x000a) is set. No immediate action is taken when this
0252	Eth0Udp2dStreamlp0	0001	R/W	register is written. Low word of destination IP address for 2D video
				stream Writing this register has no immediate effect.
0253	Eth0Udp2dStreamlp1	E000	R/W	High word of destination IP address for 2D video stream

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 37 | 41



Software User Manual - Argos3D-P310 Last change: 19 August 2014
Version 0.1

Addr (hex)	Register Name	Default Value (hex)	R/W	Description
				Writing this register will update the 2D camera stream address.
0254	Eth0Udp2dStreamPort	2714	R/W	UDP port for 2D video stream

Table 6-9: Registers for Ethernet configuration

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 38 | 41

Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

Support

7.1 **General Support**

General support for products can be found at Bluetechnix' support site

Support Link

https://support.bluetechnix.at/index.html

7.2 **Software Packages**

Software packages and software downloads are for registered customers only

Software Package



https://support.bluetechnix.at/index.html

7.3 **Related Products**

- TIM^{µP}-19kS3-Spartan 6
- LIM^U-LED-850

Page 39 | 41 © Bluetechnix 2014

Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

8 Firmware History

8.1 Version Information

Firmware Version	Status	Release date	Changes	
0.1.0	(X-Grade)	Aug 2014		

Table 8-1: Overview Argos3D-P310 firmware changes

Note

Please refer to our support site for additional information about product changes.

8.2 Anomalies

Applies to	Date	Description	

Table 8-2 - Firmware anomalies

8.3 Document Revision History

Version	Date	Document Revision
1	2014 07 29	Initial version of the document

Table 8-3: Revision history

© Bluetechnix 2014 Page 40 | 41



Last change: 19 August 2014 Version 0.1

9 Index

	Modulation Signal Interface	27
3	P	
3D Stream	•	
Data Interface16	Pixel orientation	22
UDP data format	, no ono nano	
	R	
A		
A	Register Map	
Anomalies40	Delete	
_	Save	28
C		
	S	
Control Interface 8		
Coordinate System22	Software	
	Support	39
D		
	Τ	
Data Interface		
3D Stream 16	Time Stamp	
	3D Stream	18
	ToF-Flash	18
E		
External Trigger27	U	
	UDP packet header	
	3D Stream	17
Image data header		
3D Stream 18	V	
Image Processing Chain20		
	Version	
A #	Product History	40
M		
Modulation Frequency		
MOGUIALIOTE E FOUCHOY		